Western Necropolis Cemetery, Glasgow, Scotland War Graves



Lest We Forget

World War 1



6397 PRIVATE

S. T. TIPPING

24TH BN. AUSTRALIAN INF.

29TH OCTOBER, 1918 Age 25

Until The Day Dawns

And The Shadows Flee Away

Stanley Thomas TIPPING

Stanley Thomas Tipping & Daisy Margaret Tipping were born at Lauriston, Victoria in 1893 to parents William and Mary Ann Tipping (nee Rosendale). Daisy Margaret Tipping, twin of Stanley, died in 1894.

Stanley Thomas Tipping attended Lauriston State School, Victoria.

Mary Ann Tipping, mother of Stanley Thomas Tipping, died on 7th February, 1900 at Lauriston, Victoria.

The 1915 Australian Electoral Roll for the division of Grampians, subdivision of Kyneton listed Staley Thomas Tipping, Labourer of Lauriston.

Stanley Thomas Tipping was a 23 year old, single, Labourer from Anakie, Victoria when he enlisted at Geelong, Victoria on 24th October, 1916 with the Australian Imperial Force (A.I.F.). His service number was 6397 & his religion was Church of England. His next of kin was listed as his father – Mr William Tipping, Lauriston via Kyneton, Victoria. Stanley Tipping stated on his Attestation Papers that he had previously been rejected as unfit for His Majesty's Service due to his eyesight.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was posted to "K" Company, Depot Battalion on 1st November, 1916 for recruit training. He was transferred to 18th Reinforcements of 24th Battalion on 15th November, 1916.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping embarked from Melbourne, Victoria on HMAT *Hororata (A20)* on 23rd November, 1916 with the 6th Infantry Brigade, 24th Infantry Battalion, 18th Reinforcements & disembarked at Plymouth, England on 29th January, 1917.

Reinforcements were only given basic training in Australia. Training was completed in training units in England. Some of these were located in the Salisbury Plain & surrounding areas in the county of Wiltshire.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was marched in to 6th Training Battalion at Larkhill, Wiltshire from Australia on 31st January, 1917.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was transferred to 66th Battalion from 24th Battalion on 28th April, 1917 & taken on strength with 66th Battalion at Perham Downs, Wiltshire the same day.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was transferred back to 24th Battalion on 19th September, 1917 & marched out to 63rd Draft Battalion.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping proceeded overseas to France from Hurdcott, Wiltshire via Southampton on 9th October, 1917. He was marched in to 2nd A.D.B.D. (Australian Divisional Base Depot) at Havre, France on 10th October, 1917.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was taken on strength of 4th Battalion on 14th October, 1917 in the field.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was sent sick to Hospital on 17th January, 1918. He was admitted to 7th Australian Field Ambulance with Trench feet then transferred to 1st Australian Casualty Clearing Station on 18th January, 1918. Pte Tipping was transferred to 2nd Casualty Clearing Station on 19th January, 1918 then transferred to Ambulance Train on 23rd January, 1918. Pte Tipping was admitted to 7th Canadian General Hospital at Etaples, France on 23rd January, 1918 with Trench Feet. He was discharged to 6th Convalescent Depot on 8th February, 1918 then transferred to 5th Convalescent Depot at Cayeux on 14th February, 1918. Pte Tipping was discharged to Base Depot on 22nd March, 1918 from 5th Convalescent Depot.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was marched in to A.I.B.D. (Australian Infantry Base Depot) at Havre, France on 23rd March, 1918. He proceeded to join his Unit on 17th April, 1918 & rejoined his Battalion in the field on 26th April, 1918.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was on leave to England from 18th October, 1918.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was admitted to 3rd Scottish General Hospital, Stobhill, Glasgow, Scotland on 26th October, 1918, seriously ill with pneumonia.

© Cathy Sedgwick 2017

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping died at 9.14 am on 29th October, 1918 at 3rd Scottish General Hospital, Stobhill, Glasgow, Scotland from Influenza & Broncho pneumonia, whilst on leave from France.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was buried on 4th November, 1918 in Western Necropolis Cemetery, Glasgow, Scotland – Plot number N. 8 and has a Commonwealth War Graves Commission headstone. From the burial report of Pte Stanley Thomas Tipping - The deceased soldier was accorded a full Military funeral, firing party, Bugler and Pallbearers being in attendance. The coffin was draped with the Union Jack, and surmounted by several beautiful wreaths sent from the Nursing Staff, and boys of Ward 24, Flowers from Red Cross Representative (Mrs Jarvie). Rev. Mollan Williams officiated at the graveside and the "Last Post" sounded. Many Sisters and Patients were present. The grave will be turfed and an oak cross erected by the A.I.F. London. Administrative Headquarters, A.I.F. London were represented at the funeral.

Private Stanley Thomas Tipping was entitled to British War Medal & the Victory Medal. A Memorial Scroll & Memorial Plaque were also sent to Pte Tipping's father – Mr William Tipping, as the closest next-of-kin. (Scroll sent December, 1921 & Plaque sent November, 1922).

The Commonwealth War Graves Commission lists Private Stanley Thomas Tipping – service number 6397, aged 25, of 24th Battalion Australian Infantry. He was the son of William and Mary Ann Tipping. Born at Lauriston, Victoria.

S. T. Tipping is remembered on the Anakie & Staughton Vale Roll of Honour, located in Anakie Hall, 27 Staughton Vale Road, Anakie, Victoria.



Anakie & Staughton Vale Roll of Honour (Photo from Monument Australia - Tim Fitzgerald)

S. Tipping is remembered on the Lauriston State School Roll of Honour, located in Lauriston Hall, 446 Lauriston Road, Lauriston, Victoria.



Lauriston State School Roll of Honour (Photo from Monument Australia – Tim Fitzgerald)

Private S. T. Tipping is commemorated on the Roll of Honour, located in the Hall of Memory Commemorative Area at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra, Australia on Panel 103.



Roll Of Honour WW1 Australian War Memorial Canberra, Australia

(56 pages of Pte Stanley Thomas Tipping's Service records are available for On Line viewing at National Archives of Australia website).

Information obtained from the CWGC, Australian War Memorial (Roll of Honour, First World War Embarkation Roll) & National Archives



Newspaper Notices

VICTORIA'S ROLL OF HONOUR

LISTS 448 AND 449

LIST 448

DIED OF OTHER CAUSES

S. T. Tipping, Lauriston (illness)

(The Age, Melbourne, Victoria – 2 December, 1918)

IN MEMORIAM

On Active Service

TIPPING – In loving memory of our dear son and brother, Pte Stanley Tipping, 24th Battalion A.I.F., who died of pneumonia in military hospital, Scotland, 28th October, 1918, dearly loved son of Wm. Tipping, loved brother of Martha, Sarah, Molly, Emmie, Florrie, Joe, Alf, Rob (returned), Phil (of Lauriston).

Though absent from amongst us,

You are present in our thoughts,

And those you left behind you

Still keenly feel your loss.

-(Inserted by his father, brothers and sisters).

(The Argus, Melbourne, Victoria – 28 October, 1919)

IN MEMORIAM

On Active Service

TIPPING – In loving memory of our dear son and brother, Private Stanley Tipping, who died of bronchial pneumonia in Scotland 29th October, 1918, late 24th Batt.

To a beautiful life came an untimely end.

He died as he lived, everybody's friend.

-Inserted by Wm. Tipping and family, Lauriston.

(The Age, Melbourne, Victoria – 29 October, 1920) & (The Argus, Melbourne, Victoria – 29 October, 1920)

© Cathy Sedgwick 2017

IN MEMORIAM

On Active Service

TIPPING – In loving memory of our dear son and brother, Pte. Stanley Tipping, 24th Battalion, died of illness October 29, 1918, in Scotland.

There is a link death cannot sever;

Love and remembrance last for ever.

-(Inserted by his loving father, sisters, brothers, Lauriston).

(The Argus, Melbourne, Victoria - 29 October, 1921) & (The Age, Melbourne, Victoria - 29 October, 1921)

Commonwealth War Graves Commission Headstones

The Defence Department, in 1920/21, contacted the next of kin of the deceased World War 1 soldiers to see if they wanted to include a personal inscription on the permanent headstone. Space was reserved for 66 letters only (with the space between any two words to be counted as an additional letter) & the rate per letter was around 3 ½ d (subject to fluctuation).

The expense in connection for the erection of permanent headstones over the graves of fallen soldiers was borne by the Australian Government.

(Information obtained from letters sent to next of kin in 1921)

Private S. T. Tipping does have a personal inscription on his headstone.

Until The Day Dawns And The Shadows Flee Away

Western Necropolis Cemetery, Glasgow, Scotland

The Western Necropolis is a large cemetery complex north of Glasgow City Centre. Adjoining this site are the following large cemeteries: Glasgow Lambhill and Glasgow St Kentigerns Cemetery, all three are separate but adjoin each other. Glasgow Garnet Hill Hebrew Burial Ground and Glasgow Crematorium Memorial is also at this site.

During the two world wars, the United Kingdom became an island fortress used for training troops and launching land, sea and air operations around the globe. There are more than 170,000 Commonwealth war graves in the United Kingdom, many being those of servicemen and women killed on active service, or who later succumbed to wounds. Others died in training accidents, or because of sickness or disease. The graves, many of them privately owned and marked by private memorials, will be found in more than 12,000 cemeteries and churchyards.

Glasgow was one of the ports of embarkation for the British Expeditionary Force in 1914 and several military hospitals opened in the city during the First World War, including the 3rd and 4th Scottish General (1,200 beds each), and the Merryflats War Hospital (500 beds). Battalions of a number of Scottish regiments had their headquarters at Glasgow during both wars, most notably the Highland Light Infantry. The Clydeside shipyards were targeted by German bombers during the Blitz, and Glasgow suffered a particularly ferocious attack on the night of 13/14 March 1941 when many civilians and servicemen were killed.

Glasgow Western Necropolis contains 355 First World War burials, many of them grouped together in Section P, with a small group of Australian graves in Section N. A screen wall near the main entrance carries the badges of the regiments represented in Sections P and H. The 124 Second World War burials are scattered throughout the cemetery, although there are two among the earlier war graves in Section P. Also in this group are two inter-war service burials and two German war graves.

There are 11 Australian Soldiers from World War 1 buried in Western Necropolis Cemetery.

(Information from CWGC)



Cross of Sacrifice in Western Necropolis Cemetery, Glasgow, Scotland (Photo from CWGC)

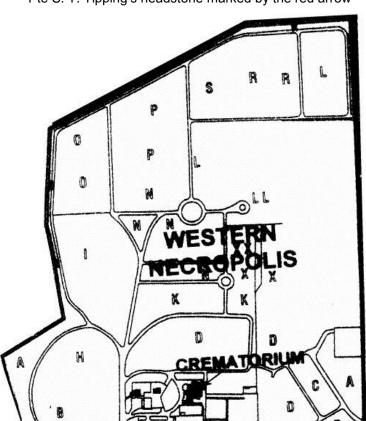
Photo of Private S. T. Tipping's Commonwealth War Graves Commission Headstone in Western Necropolis Cemetery, Glasgow, Scotland.



(Photo from Ben - Find a Grave)



Some of the Australian Headstones in Western Necropolis Cemetery, Glasgow, Scotland (Photo from CWGC)



Pte S. T. Tipping's headstone marked by the red arrow